# Outfall Key





#### **PREPARATION**

- 1. Confirm no rain event 72 hours prior to inspection.
- 2. Bring fully charged work phone, charging cord, business cards, tape measure, paper maps (if appropriate), and resident letter.
- 3. Wear safety vest and waterproof boots.

**Outfall from an MS4** means a point source at the point where a municipal separate storm sewer discharges to surface waters of the state. It does not include open conveyances, pipes, tunnels, or other conveyances connecting two municipal separate storm sewers or connecting segments of the same stream used to convey to waters of the state.



#### PIPE MATERIAL



Corrugated Metal



Reinforced Concrete

Don't use Concrete (Non-Reinforced)

#### PIPE MATERIAL



High-Density Polyethylene



Polyvinyl Chloride

#### SUBMERGED IN WATER



Partially (Bottom is <50% below water)



Fully (Outfall hidden; can't see it)

#### SUBMERGED IN SEDIMENT



Partially (<50% full)



Fully (>50% full)

#### FLOW AMOUNT



Trickle (Narrow stream of water)



Moderate (Steady stream but shallow depth)

#### FLOW AMOUNT



Substantial (Steady)



Full (Fills bottom of pipe)

## ODOR

Odor	Causes
Rotten eggs/hydrogen sulfide	Raw sewage, decomposing organic matter, lack of oxygen
Sharp, pungent odor	Chemicals or pesticides
Gasoline, petroleum	Industrial discharge, illegal dumping of wastes, waste water

## DISCOLORED – COLOR INTENSITY







Dark

## DISCOLORED – COLOR INTENSITY





Very Dark

#### TURBIDITY INTENSITY

Turbidity is the cloudiness of a fluid caused by large numbers of particles, similar to smoke in air.



Very Dark

Dark

Faint



Sewage



Suds (aka, bubbles from soap, not natural foaming)



Petroleum (oil sheen, not biological sheen; perform poke test)



Scum



Foam (any non-soap bubbles; if natural form, indicate "Unlikely potential illicit discharge")



Garbage



Algae

#### FLOATABLE SEVERITY



Few/Slight (E.g., suds do not appear to travel; very thin foam layer)



Moderate

#### FLOATABLE SEVERITY



Heavy

#### **OUTFALL DAMAGE**



Spalling (Fragments of a material are broken off a larger solid body)



Cracking/Chipping

#### **OUTFALL DAMAGE**



Peeling Paint



Corrosion

#### **OUTFALL DAMAGE**



Pipe Collapse



Erosion

## DEPOSITS/STAINS



Sediment



Oily

## DEPOSITS/STAINS



Paint



Flow Line

## DEPOSITS/STAINS



White Residue

#### ABNORMAL VEGETATION



Benthic growth may be observed in pipes, outfalls, and streams. It may appear as an orange, brown, red, yellow or grayish gelatinous slime. It can also appear as stains or as a "feathery" filamentous growth. A rainbow sheen may also be present. This growth is from iron bacteria that are naturally occurring in the soil and oxidize dissolved iron or manganese.



Black



Brown



Gray



Green





Orange

Red



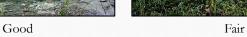


White

Yellow

### PIPE CONDITION





#### PIPE CONDITION



